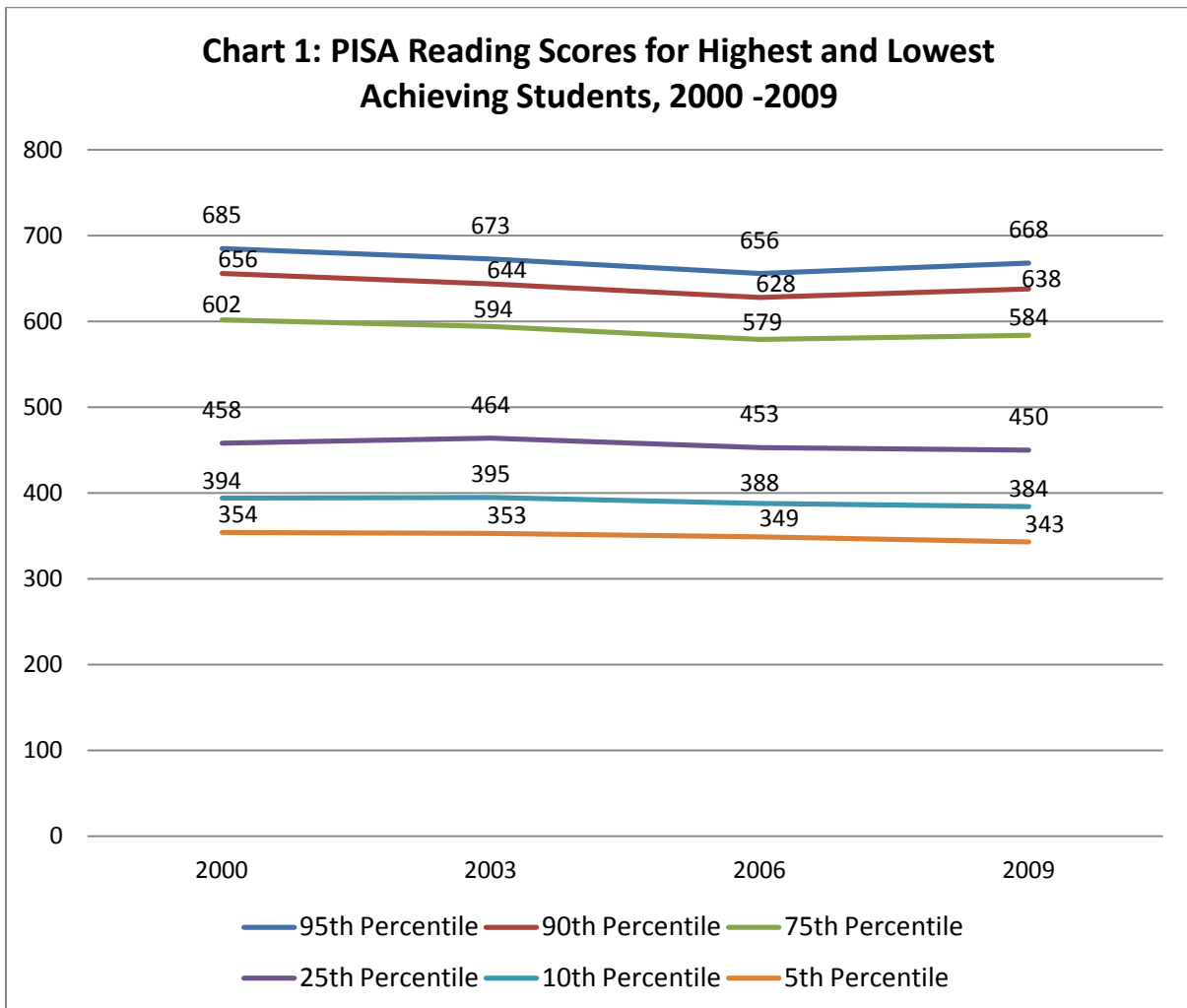


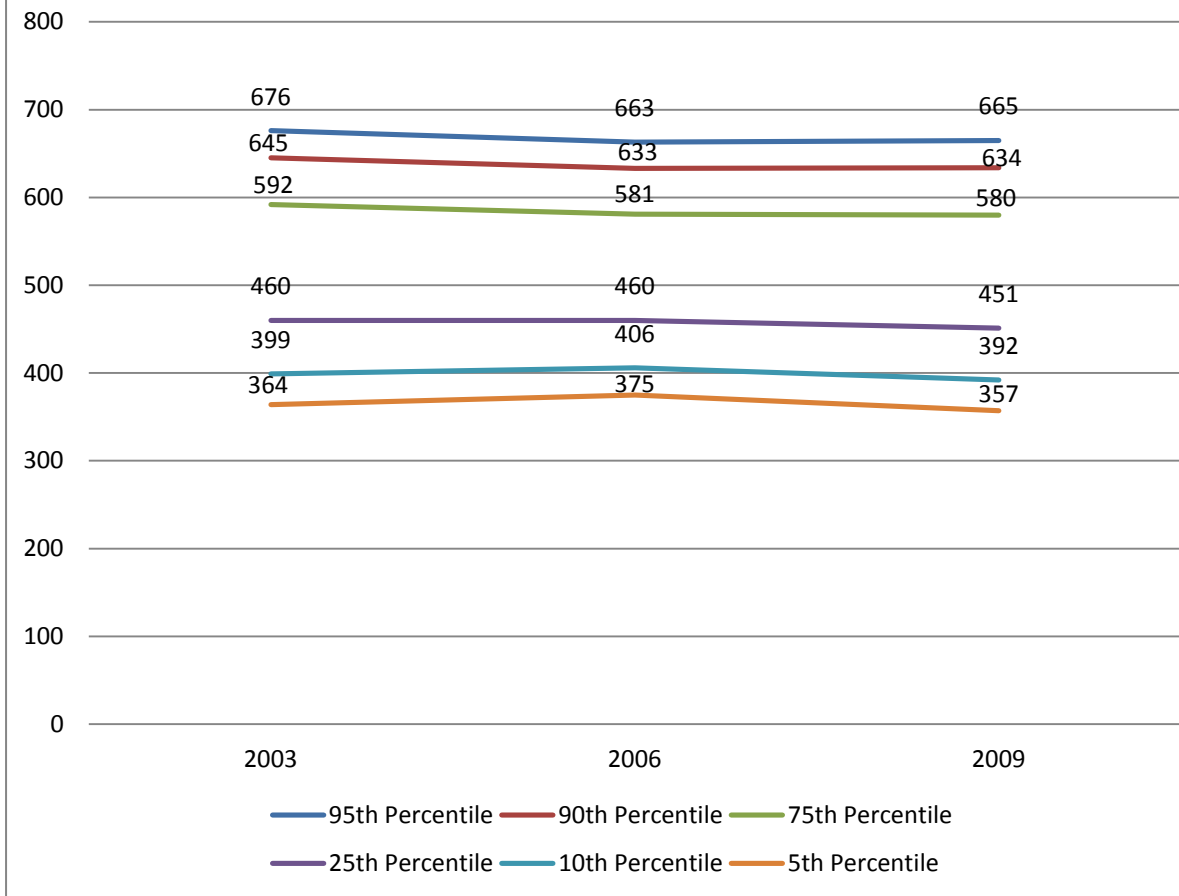
Charts on PISA Test Scores for Highest and Lowest Achieving Students



Source:

OECD 2010, *PISA 2009 Results: Learning Trends: Changes in Student Performance Since 2000 (Volume V)*, Paris, Table V.2.3, pp. 148-149.

Chart 2: PISA Mathematics Scores for Highest and Lowest Achieving Students, 2003-2009

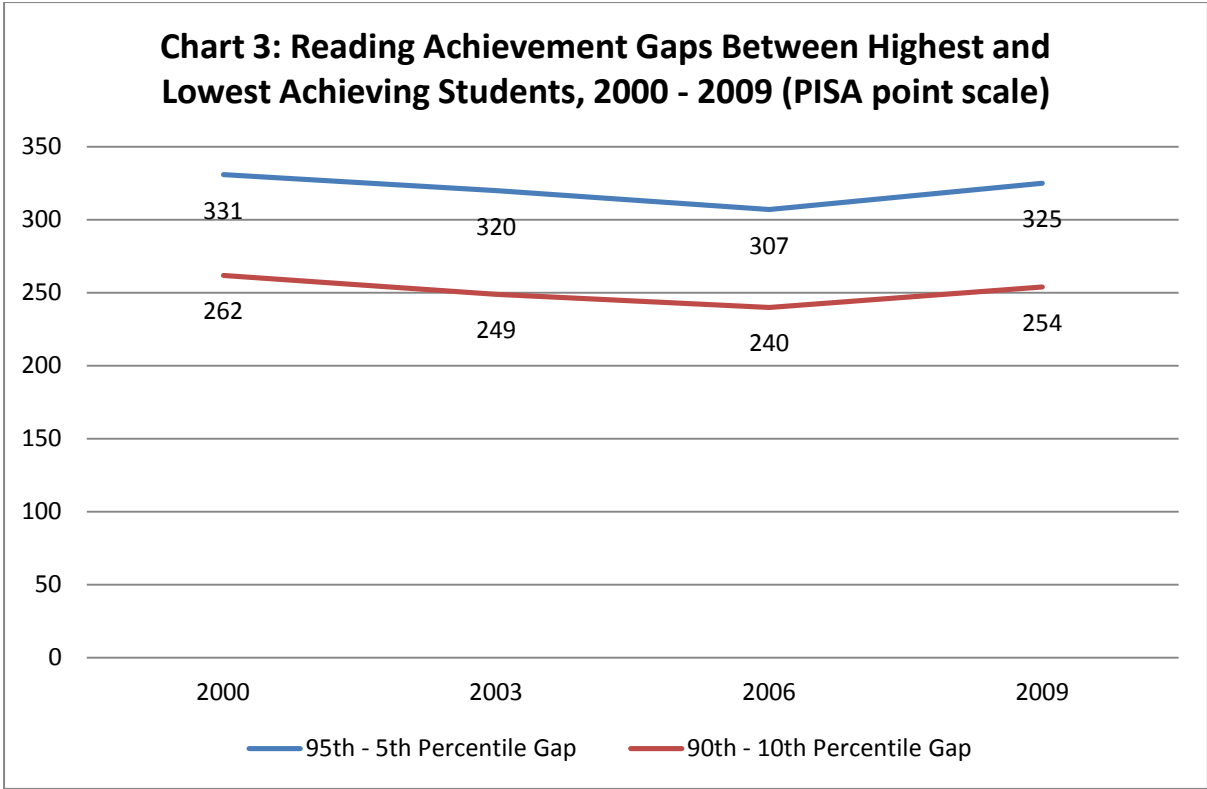


Sources:

OECD 2010, *PISA 2009 Results: What Students Know and Can Do – Student Performance in Reading, Mathematics and Science (Volume I)*, Paris, Table I.3.3, p. 224.

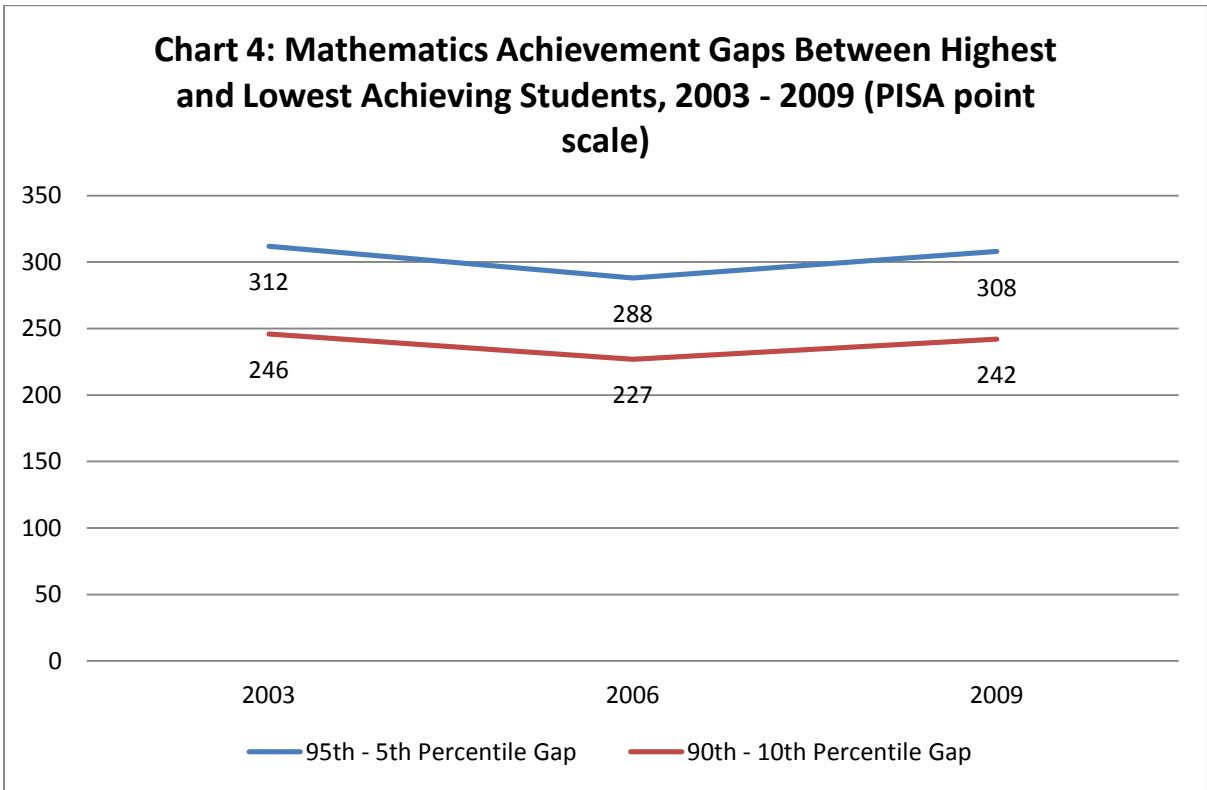
OECD 2007, *PISA 2006: Volume 2 Data*, Paris, Table 6.2c, p.231.

OECD 2004, *Learning for Tomorrow's World – First Results from PISA 2003*, Paris, Table 2.5c, p. 356.



Source:

OECD 2010, *PISA 2009 Results: Learning Trends: Changes in Student Performance Since 2000 (Volume V)*, Paris, Table V.2.3, pp. 148-149.



Sources:

OECD 2010, *PISA 2009 Results: What Students Know and Can Do – Student Performance in Reading, Mathematics and Science (Volume I)*, Paris, Table I.3.3, p. 224.

OECD 2007, *PISA 2006: Volume 2 Data*, Paris, Table 6.2c, p.231.

OECD 2004, *Learning for Tomorrow's World – First Results from PISA 2003*, Paris, Table 2.5c, p. 356.